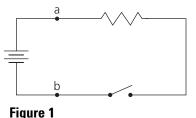
## **Ohm's Law Problems**

1. (a) What is the voltage across the resistor if the two cells are each 1.5 V in Figure 1?



- (b) If a current of 0.10 A is measured at point *a*, what is the resistance of the resistor? What is the current at *b*?
- 2. If a toaster has a resistance of 220  $\Omega$ , how much current will it draw from a 110 V outlet?

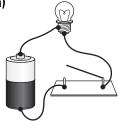
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- 3. A calculator runs on two 6.0 V dry cells connected in parallel. If the calculator draws 0.001 A, how many milliamps (mA) does it draw? What is the effective resistance of the calculator?
- 4. A resistor has a value of 100  $\Omega$ . If a current of 5 mA passes through it, what is the applied voltage?
- 5. A resistance has a voltage of 10 mV (millivolts) applied to it. The current through the resistance is 0.5 mA. What is the value of the resistance?
- 6. A hair dryer uses a current of 10 A when plugged into a 120 V outlet. What is the resistance of the hair dryer?

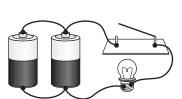
## **Ohm's Law Problems (continued)**

7. Draw circuit diagrams for the following circuits. The resistance of the filament in each light bulb is 8.2  $\Omega$  and the voltage of each cell is 1.5 V. Determine the current through the bulbs when the switch is closed in each circuit.

a)

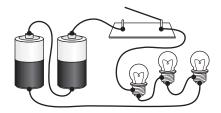


b)



c)

Date:



8. Complete the following chart.

Voltage (V)	Current (A or mA)	Resistance ( $\Omega$ )
	5 A	200
250	A	500
4.5	900 mA	
	250 mA	4.0
4.0	A	2.0
12	400 mA	
15	A	30
9	mA	180
12	600 mA	
	50 mA	1.0
6	A	2
12	750 mA	
3.0	mA	100
	200 mA	250
10	A	50